



The United States of America
Address: 70PHZ P5FJ2
State of Alabama
Address: 7QQ9S NCKQ1
Judicial District # 2
National Government of the State of Alabama
office of the Registrar

State of Alabama constitution

PREAMBLE

We, the American Nationals and Declared Residents of the State of Alabama, with the blessing of the Most High, have the right to form this social compact agreement in accordance with the Law of Nations and as a member of the States of the Union of The United States of America, in order to establish justice, insure tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure to ourselves and our posterity the rights of life, liberty, and property, do ordain and establish the following Constitution, or form of National Government; and do mutually agree with each other to form ourselves into a Free and Independent State, by the name of "State of Alabama." And we do hereby recognize, confirm, and establish the boundaries assigned to said State of Alabama by the act of the United States, in Congress assembled aforesaid, "to wit:

Beginning at the point where the thirty-first degree of north latitude intersects the Perdido River; thence, east, to the western boundary line of the State of Georgia;

thence, along said line, to the southern boundary line of the State of Tennessee;

thence, west, along said boundary line, to the Tennessee River;

thence, up the same, to the mouth of Bear Creek;

thence, by a direct line, to the northwest corner of Washington county;

thence, due south, to the Gulph of Mexico;

thence, eastwardly, including all Islands within six leagues of the shore, to the Perdido River; and

thence, up the same, to the beginning;" subject to such alteration as is provided in the third section of said act of Congress, and subject to such enlargement as may be made by law in consequence of any cession of territory by the United States, in Congress assembled or either of them.

ARTICLE I

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

That the general, great, and essential principles of liberty and free Government may be recognized and established, We Declare:

SECTION 1. That all men are free, when they form a social compact, are equal in rights; and that no man, or set of men, are entitled to exclusive, separate public emoluments or privileges, but in consideration of public services.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free Governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their benefit; and, therefore, they have, at all times an inalienable and unalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform, or abolish their form of Government, in such manner as they may think expedient.

SEC. 3. No person within the State of Alabama shall, upon, any pretense, be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshipping the Most High in the manner most agreeable to his own conscience; nor be compelled to attend any place of worship, nor shall any one ever be obliged to pay any tithes, taxes, or other rate, for the building or repairing any place of worship, or for the maintenance of any minister or ministry.

SEC. 4. No human authority ought, in any case whatever, to control or interfere with the rights of conscience and tamper with Natural Law.

SEC. 5. No person shall be hurt, molested, or restrained in his religious profession, sentiments, or persuasion, provided he does not disturb others in their religious worship.

SEC. 6. The human rights, privileges, or capacities of any American National or Declared Resident, shall in no way be diminished, or enlarged, on account of his religious principles.

SEC. 7. There shall be no establishment of religion by law; no preference shall ever be given by law to any religious sect, society, denomination, or mode of worship; and no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the State of Alabama.

SEC 8. Every American National and Declared Resident may freely speak, write, and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty.

SEC. 9. The people shall be secure in their body, persons, houses, papers, and possessions, from unreasonable seizures or searches; and no warrant to search any body, place, or to seize any person or thing, shall issue, without describing them as nearly as may be, nor without probable cause based on exigent circumstances, supported by oath or affirmation.

SEC. 10. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused has a right to be heard by himself, and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation and have a copy thereof; not recognize the charges if it is not in accordance with the Law of Nations, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and a republic form as in declared in this constitution or prescribed by the laws of the State of Alabama from a republic body politic, the accused shall be confronted by the

witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and, in all prosecutions, by indictment or information, a speedy public trial, by an independent and impartial jury of the county or local district in which the offense shall have been committed: he shall not be compelled to give evidence against himself, nor shall he be deprived of his life, freedom, liberty, or property, but by due process and course of law.

SEC. 11. No person, shall be accused, arrested, incarcerated, or detained, except in cases as it is prescribed by law of the legislator and in accordance to the forms which the same has prescribed in the Law of Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; and no person shall be punished unless convicted of a nefarious and heinous crime, to which premeditated intent to cause suffer and misery, or deprive human life, wherein provided due process to the full extent of the law.

SEC. 12. No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally, by information; except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or the militia when in actual service, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office.

SEC. 13. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall any person's property be taken or applied to public use, unless just compensation be made therefor and with the consent of the owner.

SEC. 14. All courts shall be open, and every American National and Declared Resident, for an injury done him in his body, lands, goods, person, or reputation, shall have remedy by due course of law, and right and justice administered, without sale, denial, or delay.

SEC. 15. No power of suspending laws shall be exercised, except by the General Assembly, or its authority.

SEC. 16. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel punishments inflicted.

SEC. 17. All American Nationals and Declared Residents shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident, or the presumption great: and the privilege of the writ of "habeas corpus" shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may require it.

SEC. 18. Debtors Prisons are strictly prohibited, where there is not sufficient evidence of fraud, no man shall be detained in prison and American Nationals or Declared Residents shall never be required to deliver up their estate unless evident it was acquired by ill gotten gains, in such manner shall be in accordance as prescribed by law. The incarcerated shall work for his upkeep and shall work to pay restitution to his victims.

SEC. 19. No ex post facto law, nor law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall be made.

SEC. 20. No person shall be attainted of treason or felony by the General Assembly. No attainer shall work corruption of blood, nor forfeiture of estate.

SEC. 21. The estates of suicides shall descend or vest as in cases of natural death; if any person shall be killed by casualty, there shall be no forfeiture by reason thereof.

SEC. 22. The American Nationals and Declared Residents have a right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of Government, for redress of grievances, or other proper purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance.

SEC. 23. Every American National and Declared Resident has a right to bear arms in defense of himself, the State of Alabama and The United States of America.

SEC. 24. No standing army shall be kept up in the time of peace; and, in that case of defense, the General Assembly having the obligation to protect the State of Alabama may keep up the Continental Army and no appropriation of money for its support shall be for a longer term than one year; and the military shall, in all cases, and at all times, be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SEC. 25. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war.

SEC. 26. No title of nobility, or hereditary distinction, privilege honor, or emolument, shall ever be granted or conferred in the State of Alabama; nor shall any office be created, the appointment of which shall be for a longer term than during good behavior.

SEC. 27. Emigration from the State of Alabama shall not be prohibited, and no land lock establish, nor shall any American National or Declared Resident be exiled unless convicted of a nefarious crime being provided due process.

SEC. 28. The right of trial by jury of peers shall remain inviolate.

SEC. 29. No American National or Declared Resident shall be debarred from prosecuting or defending any civil cause, for or against him or herself, before any tribunal in the State of Alabama, by him or herself or counsel.

SEC. 30. This enumeration of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the American Nationals and Declared Residents: and, to guard against any encroachments on the rights herein retained, or any transgression of any of the high powers herein delegated, we the American Nationals and Declared Residents declare, that every thing in this article is excepted out of the general powers of National Government, and shall forever remain inviolate; and that all laws contrary thereto, or to the following provisions, shall be void.

ARTICLE II.

DISTRIBUTION OF POWERS.

SEC. 1. The powers of the National Government of the State of Alabama shall be divided into three distinct departments; and each of them confided to a separate body to wit: those which are legislative, to one; those which are executive, to another; and those which are judicial, to another.

SEC. 2. No person, or collection of persons, being of one of those departments, shall exercise any power, properly belonging to either of the others, except in the instances herein after expressly directed or permitted.

ARTICLE III.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- The Legislative powers of the National Government of the State of Alabama shall be vested in the House of Representatives and is the Legislature for the General Assembly of the National Government of the State of Alabama. The style of all laws shall be, — *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the National Government of the State of Alabama.*
- The members of the House of Representatives shall be chosen by the qualified electors, and their term of office shall be two years from the day of their general election; and the session of the Legislature shall be held annually, at such time as shall be prescribed by law.
- No person shall be a Representative unless he/she is an American National or Declared Resident of The United States of America, and one year previous to his election a Declared Resident of the State of Alabama, and six months of the county, city or town, for which he shall be chosen, and shall have attained the age of twenty-one years.
- All elections by the American Nationals and Declared Residents shall be held at such time and places, and in such manner in the several counties, cities and towns, as may be designated by law.
- The House shall choose its own officers and shall judge of the qualification and election of its own members; but contested elections shall be determined in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.
- Two-thirds of the House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as the House shall prescribe.
- The House may, with the consent of two-thirds of its members, for any good cause, expel and punish members for disorderly conduct; and the House may punish, by imprisonment no more than twenty-four hours, during the session, any person, not a member, for disrespectful or disorderly conduct in its presence, or for obstructing any of its proceedings, and may publish the same, or any part thereof, with the consent of two-thirds of its members.

- The yeas and nays of the House shall, at the desire of any four members present, be entered on the Journal.
- When a vacancy shall happen in the House, the Governor, or the person exercising the power of Governor, shall issue a writ of election to fill such vacancy. The doors of the House shall be kept open, except on such occasions during a time of war as the House may require secrecy.
- The House shall not adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.
- Bills may originate in the House, and may be amended, altered or rejected and every Bill having passed the House, shall be signed by the Speaker of the House.
- Every Bill shall be read on three different days in the House, unless in case of urgency, three-fourths of the House, in which such bill is pending, shall deem it expedient to suspend this Rule.
- No Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any other civil office under the National Government of the State of Alabama, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased during such time.
- An accurate statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of the Public Monies shall be attached to, and published with, the Laws at the rising of each session of the Legislature.
- The Governor, and all other civil officers under the National Government of the State of Alabama shall be liable to impeachment for any violation deemed prescribed by law by the Legislature while in office; but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust, under the National Government of the State of Alabama. The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.
- No judge of any Court of Record in the National Government of the State of Alabama, Secretary of State, Clerk of any Court of Record, Chief Stewards, or Collectors of Public Monies, or persons holding any office under The United States of America, shall have a seat in any Legislature of the National Government of the State of Alabama being a conflict of interest.
- Every American National and Declared Resident who shall be chosen or appointed to any office of trust or profit, shall, before entering on the duties thereof, take an oath to support The United States of America, the State of Alabama, the Constitution of the State of Alabama, and to faithfully discharge the duties of his office.
- All officers, civil and Military, in the National Government of the State of Alabama, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, shall take the following oath or affirmation. Any officer elected or appointed shall swear to the following Oath of Office:

"I, _____ do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the duties and responsibilities of _____(office) for the National

Government of the State of Alabama, and will to the best of my Ability, Protect the honor of the National Government of the State of Alabama and The United States of America and defend the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Law of Nations against all hostile foreign powers, and

LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF OFFICE

I, _____, hereby duly claim the office of _____ of the National Government of the State of Alabama and do hereby accept and acknowledge the said position, Constitution, duties and responsibilities and will faithfully fulfill the aforesaid office; So solemnly sworn (or affirmed) on this ____ day of _____20____,”

“I, ____, do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare, that the State of Alabama is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign and independent State; and I do swear (or affirm), that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said National Government of the State of Alabama, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever: And that I do renounce and adjure all allegiance, subjection and obedience to every other foreign power whatsoever: And that no foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, preeminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within the National Government of the State of Alabama; except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their Delegates to the assembly of the American Continent; And I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever, so help me my Creator.”

- The Legislature shall have full power to exclude from the right of electing, or of being elected, any person convicted of bribery, perjury, or other infamous crime.
- In the year two thousand and twenty, and every tenth year thereafter, an enumeration of all the American Nationals and Declared Residents of the National Government of the State of Alabama shall be made, in such manner as prescribed by law.
- The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeaching; but a majority of the members of the General Assembly when convened and elected must concur in an impeachment.
- All impeachments shall be tried by the House; and when sitting for that purpose the Representatives shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law.
- No officer shall exercise his office after he shall have been impeached, until after his acquittal. And the impeachment of such officer shall not be carried to conviction without the consent of two-thirds of the House.

Sec. 25. The General Assembly shall direct by the Law of Nations in what manner and in what courts suits may be brought against the State of Alabama

Sec. 26. No local or special laws shall be enacted in any of the following cases, that is to say:

1. Granting divorces.
2. Locating or changing county seats.
3. Changing rules of evidence.
4. Changing the law of descent or succession.
5. Regulating the practice of courts of justice.
6. Limitation of civil actions or giving effect to informal or invalid deeds.
7. Punishment of crimes and misdemeanors.
8. Laying out, opening, altering, or vacating roads, maps for surveys, streets, alleys, and public squares.
9. Assessment and collection of taxes.
10. Regulating the rate of interest on money.
11. The conduct of elections.
12. Affecting the estates of deceased persons or of minors.
13. Granting to any corporation, association, or individual any special or exclusive privileges, immunities, or franchises.
14. Remitting fines, penalties, and forfeitures.
15. Changing names of persons or places.
16. Regulating the jurisdiction and duties of justices of the peace.
17. Incorporating a body politic
18. Relinquishing any indebtedness, liability, or obligation to the State of Alabama.
19. Summoning and empaneling of juries.
20. When a general law can be made applicable.

ARTICLE IV.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Sec. 1. The executive department of the National Government of the State of Alabama shall consist of Governor, Secretary of State, Registrar, State Treasurer each of whom shall hold his office for two years on the first Monday of January next after his election, except that the terms of office of those elected at the election and shall end on the first Monday in January when their successors are elected and qualify.

The persons, respectively having the highest number of votes cast for the office voted for shall be elected, but if two or more American Nationals and Declared Residents shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for any one of said offices, the legislature, at its next regular session, shall elect forthwith, by joint ballot, one of such American Nationals or Declared Residents for said office.

The officers of the executive department during their terms of office shall reside at the seat of National Government, where they shall keep their offices and public records, books, and papers. They shall perform such duties as are prescribed by this Constitution and as may be provided for by law.

Sec. 2. No person shall be eligible to any of the offices mentioned in section 1 of this article except an American National or Declared Resident of the age of not less than twenty-one years, who shall have been an American National or Declared Resident three years next preceding his election.

Sec. 3. The Governor shall be commander in chief of the military forces of the State of Alabama.

Sec. 4. The Governor shall transact all executive business with the officers of the National Government of the State of Alabama civil and military and may require information in writing from the officers in the executive department upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed. He may convene the General Assembly in extraordinary session. He shall communicate by message to the General Assembly at every session the condition of the State of Alabama and recommend such matters as he shall deem expedient.

Sec. 5. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutation, and pardons, after convictions, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as may be provided by law.

Sec. 6. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability to discharge the duties of his office, resignation, or absence from the State of Alabama, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Secretary of State until the disability ceases, or during the remainder of the term.

Sec. 7. Every bill passed by the House of Representatives, before it becomes a law, shall be presented to the Governor. If he approves, he shall sign it, and it shall become a law as provided in this Constitution. But if he disapproves, he shall return it, with his objections, to be handed back to the House of Representative in which it originated, which shall enter the objections at large on the journal. If after reconsideration it again passes by an yea or nay majority vote on roll call of two-thirds of the members elected to the General Assembly, it shall become a law as provided in this Constitution, notwithstanding the Governor's objections.

If any bill be not returned within five days after it shall have been presented to the Governor, such bill shall become a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature by its final adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall be filed, with his objections, in the Office of the Secretary of State within ten days after such adjournment or become a law as provided in this Constitution. After the final action by the Governor or following the adoption of a bill notwithstanding his objection, it shall be filed with the Secretary of State.

If any bill presented to the Governor contains several items of appropriations of money, he may object to one or more of such items, while approving other portions of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill at the time of signing it, a statement of the item or items which he declines to approve, together with his reasons therefore, and such item or items shall not take effect unless passed over the Governor's objections as in this section provided.

The veto power of the Governor shall not extend to any bill passed by the General Assembly and referred to the American Nationals and Declared Residents for adoption or rejection.

Sec. 8. When any office shall, from any cause, become vacant, and no mode shall be provided by the Constitution or by law, for filling such vacancy, the Governor shall have the power to fill such vacancy by appointment.

Sec. 9. The powers and duties of Secretary of State, and all other State departments shall be as prescribed by law.

Sec. 10. No person shall be eligible to succeed himself to the office of State Treasurer for the succeeding two years after the expiration of the term for which he shall have been elected.

Sec. 11. The returns of the election for all State officers shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued by the Secretary of State, in such manner as provided by law.

Sec. 12. All commissions shall issue in the name of the State of Alabama and shall be signed by the Governor, sealed with the seal of the State of Alabama, and attested by the Secretary of State.

Sec. 13. Until otherwise provided by law, the salaries of the State officers shall be as follows:

Governor, three thousand Continental Dollars per annum.

Secretary of State, three thousand Continental Dollars per annum.

Registrar, three thousand Continental Dollars per annum.

State Treasurer, three thousand Continental Dollars per annum.

MILITIA

SEC. 1. The General Assembly shall provide, by law, for organizing and disciplining the militia of the State of Alabama, in such manner as they shall deem expedient, not incompatible with the constitution and laws of The United States of America in relation thereto.

SEC. 2. Any person who is a conscientious objector to bear arms shall not be compelled to do so.

SEC. 3. The Governor shall have power to call forth the militia to execute the laws of the State of Alabama, to suppress insurrections, and repel invasions.

SEC. 4. All officers of the militia shall be elected or appointed in such manner as may be prescribed by law: Provided, that the General Assembly shall not make any such elections or appointment, other than those of Adjutants General and Quarter Masters General.

SEC. 5. The Governor shall appoint his Aids-de-camp; Majors General, their Aids-de-camp, and all other division staff officers; Brigadiers General shall appoint their Aids, and all other brigade staff officer; and Colonels shall appoint their regimental staff officers.

SEC. 6. The General Assembly shall fix, by law, the method of dividing the militia into divisions, brigades, regiments, battalions, and shall fix the rank of all staff officers.

ARTICLE V.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

- The judicial power of the National Government of the State of Alabama shall be vested in a Supreme Court, in county Courts, and in Justices of the Peace. All other courts are established by the American Nationals and Declared Residents within the National Government of the State of Alabama within their separate spheres as deemed necessary.
- The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum.
- The justices of the Supreme Court shall be elected at the general election, by the qualified electors of the National Government of the State of Alabama, and shall hold their office for the term of three years from the first day of January next after their election; provided that the Legislature shall, at its first meeting, elect a Chief Justice and two Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, by a vote of the General Assembly and so classify them that one shall go out of office every two years. After the first election the senior Justice in commission shall be the Chief Justice.
- The Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction in all cases when the matter in dispute exceeds two hundred dollars, when the legality of any tax, toll, or impost is in question, and in all criminal cases amounting to felony or questions of law alone. The said Court, and each of the Justices thereof, as well as all county judges, shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus at the instance of any person held in actual custody. They shall also have power to issue all other writs and processes necessary to the exercise of their appellate jurisdiction and shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State of Alabama.
- The county Courts shall have original jurisdiction, in law and equity, in all civil cases where the amount in dispute exceeds two hundred dollars, exclusive of interest. In all criminal cases not otherwise provided for, and in all issues of fact joined in the probate courts, their jurisdiction shall be unlimited.
- The Legislature shall provide for the election, by the American Nationals and Declared Residents of The United States of America, of a Clerk of the Supreme Court, and county Clerks, chief Steward, Coroners, and other necessary officers; and shall fix by law their duties and compensation. county Clerks shall be, *ex officio*.
- There shall be elected in each of the organized counties of the National Government of the State of Alabama, one county Judge, who shall hold his office for four years. He shall hold the county

Court, and perform the duties of Surrogate, or Probate Judge. The county Judge, with two Justices of the Peace, to be designated according to law, shall hold courts of sessions, with such criminal jurisdiction as the Legislature shall prescribe, and he shall perform such other duties as shall be required by law.

- The county Courts shall have such jurisdiction, in cases arising in Justices Courts, and in special cases, as the Legislature may prescribe by the law wherein the county Courts may have jurisdiction in civil matters.
- The times and places of holding the terms of the Supreme Court, and the general and special terms of the Courts within the several counties, shall be provided for by law.
- No judicial officer may receive any fees, dues or gifts of his office.
- The Legislature shall provide for the speedy publication of all laws, and of such judicial decisions as it may deem expedient; and all laws and judicial decisions shall be free for publication by any person.
- Tribunals for conciliation may be established, with such powers and duties as may be prescribed by law; but such tribunals shall have no power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, except they voluntarily submit their matters in difference, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in the presence of such tribunal, in such cases as shall be prescribed by law.
- The Legislature shall determine the number of Justices of the Peace, to be elected in each county, city, town, and village of the National Government of the State of Alabama and fix by law their powers, duties, and responsibilities. It shall also determine in what cases appeals may be made from Justices Courts to the county Court.
- The Justices of the Supreme Court, and Judges of the county Court, shall severally, at stated times during their continuance in office, receive for their services a compensation, to be paid out of the treasury, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected. The county Judges shall also severally, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation to be paid out of the county treasury of their respective counties, which shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which they shall have been elected.
- The Justices of the Supreme Court, county Judges and all Justices of the Peace shall be ineligible to hold any other office, during the term for which they shall have been elected.
- Judges shall not charge juries with respect to matters of fact but may state the testimony and give references as declared by law. All juries shall be the judges of fact and law.
- The judges, by virtue of their office, shall be conservators of the peace throughout the National Government of the State of Alabama. The style of all processes shall be, "The American Nationals and Declared Residents of the National Government of the State of Alabama; all prosecutions shall be carried on "In the name, and by the authority of the American Nationals and Declared Residents of the State of Alabama," and conclude, "against the peace and dignity of the State of Alabama."
- The judges may be removed from office by a concurrent vote of the Legislature: but two-thirds of the number present, must concur in such vote, and the causes of removal shall be entered on the journal. The judge against whom the legislature may be about to proceed, shall receive notice

thereof, accompanied by a copy of the causes alleged for his removal, at least thirty days before the day on which the Legislature shall sit thereupon.

- The judges may also be removed by impeachment.
- The power of impeachment shall be vested in the General Assembly of the House of Representatives.
- All impeachments shall be tried by the House of Representatives: when acting for that purpose, the members shall be upon oath, and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.
- The Governor, and all civil officers shall be liable to impeachment for all breach of or in office: but judgment in such cases, shall not extend further than removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of trust or profit, in the State of Alabama but the parties shall nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair or impede the law or obligation of contracts.

Impeachment

Sec. 1. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. The concurrence of a majority of all the members of the General Assembly shall be necessary to an impeachment. All impeachments shall be tried by the General Assembly and, when sitting for that purpose, the Representatives shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to law and evidence and shall be presided over by the chief justice of the Supreme Court. Should the Chief Justice be on trial, or otherwise disqualified, the House shall elect a judge of the Supreme Court to preside.

Sec. 2. No person shall be convicted without a concurrence of two-thirds of the Representative elected. The Governor and other State and judicial officers, except justice of courts shall be liable to impeachment for high crimes, misdemeanors, or malfeasance in office, but judgment in such cases shall extend only to removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, trust, or profit in the State of Alabama. The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall, nevertheless, be liable to trial and punishment according to law.

ARTICLE VI. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

SEC. 1. The members of the General Assembly, and all officers, executive and judicial, before they enter on the execution of their respective offices, shall take the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the National Government of the State of Alabama and the Constitution of the State of Alabama, so

long as I continue a American National or Declared Resident thereof, and that I will faithfully discharge, to the best of my abilities, the duties of ----- according to law: so help me my Creator."

SEC. 2. Treason against the State of Alabama shall consist only in levying war against it, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or his own confession in open court.

SEC. 3. The General Assembly shall have power to pass such penal laws, to suppress the evil practice of Dueling, extending to disqualification from office or the tenure thereof, as they may deem expedient.

SEC. 4. Every person shall be disqualified from holding any office or place of honor or profit, under the authority of the State of Alabama, who shall be convicted of having given or offered any bribe to procure his election or appointment.

SEC. 5. Laws shall be made to exclude from office, from suffrage, and from serving as Jurors, those who shall hereafter be convicted of bribery, perjury, forgery, or other high crimes or misdemeanors. The right of free suffrage shall be supported by laws regulating elections, and prohibiting, under adequate penalties, all undue influence thereon, from power, bribery, tumult, or other improper conduct.

SEC. 6. In all elections by the General Assembly, the members thereof shall vote viva voce, and the votes shall be entered on the journals.

SEC. 7. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of an appropriation made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public moneys shall be published annually.

SEC. 8. All lands liable to taxation in the State of Alabama shall be taxed in proportion to their value, except where land is exempt to tax by law.

SEC. 9. The General Assembly shall direct, by law, in what manner, and in what courts, suits may be brought against the State of Alabama.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to regulate, by law, the cases in which deductions shall be made from the salaries of public officers, for neglect of duty in their official capacities, and the amount of such deduction.

SEC. 11. Absence on business of the State of Alabama, or of The United States of America, or on a visit, or necessary private business, shall not cause a forfeiture of a residence once obtained.

SEC. 12. In prosecutions for the publishing of papers investigating the official conduct of officers or men in public capacity, or when the matter published is proper for public information,

the truth thereof may be given in evidence; and, in all indictments for libels, the jury shall have a right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the courts.

SEC. 13. Returns of all elections for officers who are to be commissioned by the Governor, and for members of the General Assembly, shall be made to the Secretary of State.

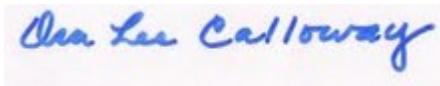
SEC. 14. No new county shall be established by the General Assembly, which shall reduce the county or counties, or either of them, from which it shall be taken to a less content than nine hundred square miles; nor shall any county be laid off of less contents. Every new county, as to the right of suffrage and representation, shall be considered as a part of the county or counties from which it was taken, until entitled by numbers to the right of separate representation.

SEC. 16. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly, as soon as circumstances will permit, to form a penal code in accordance with the Law of Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, and not of vindictive justice.

SEC. 17. Within five years after the adoption of this Constitution, the body of our laws, civil and criminal, shall be revised, digested, and arranged under proper heads, and promulgated in such manner as the General Assembly may direct: and a like revision, digest, and promulgation, shall be made within every subsequent period of ten years.

SEC. 18. The General Assembly shall make provision by law for obtaining correct knowledge of the several objects proper for improvement in relation to the navigable waters, and to the roads in the State of Alabama, and for making a systematic and economical application of the means appropriated to those objects.

Hereby signed and witnessed:



Ora Lee Calloway



Donald William Boxley



Cedric Donelle Turner

Cedric Donelle Turner



Neal H Cornett

Neal Harrison Cornett



Elizabeth Ann Cornett

Elizabeth Ann Cornett





The United States of America
 Address: 70PHZ P5FJ2
 State of Alabama
 Address: 7Q99S NCKQ1
 Judicial District # 2
 National Government of the State of Alabama
 office of the Registrar

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, Cedric Donelle Turner, certify under penalty of bearing false witness under the laws of the National Government of the State of **Alabama**, that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct according to the best of my current information, knowledge, and belief.

The office of the registrar accepts and acknowledges the document:

National Government of the State of **Alabama** – Constitution and amended March 26th, 2019 and is recorded on:

March 26 th , 2019	7:35 UTC-6	SoAL- 9D87331F-0C05-45AD-A7A0-FEBA9528AB14
Document Date	Time	Record File Number

File Name:
 20190325SoAL-Constitution

CERTIFIED COPY OF RECORDED DOCUMENT

This is a true and exact reproduction of the document officially recorded and placed on file in the office of the registrar-interim for the National Government of the State of **Alabama**

Date Issued: 8th day in the year of Yahweh, 6021
 Translated Date: March 26th, 2019

This copy is not valid unless displaying the Record File Number, Seal, and signature of the registrar-interim for the National Government of the State of **Alabama**

